

Implement BubbleSort and QuickSort for integers

- Instrument your code
 - · Count number of assignments
 - · Count number of conditionals

Test the time complexity of your algorithms as follows

- For sizes of 100, 200, 300, ...
 1000
- Generate 100 random arrays
- Sort them using your code

You can use C, Python, Fortran, Lisp, Perl

Using the count data generated, illustrate the following:

- BubbleSort is O(n²) on average
- QuickSort is O(n log(n)) on average

What to turn in: a single PDF or Word or RTF file

- Readable listing of your code
- Input and output of both procedures on one example of size 100
- Graphical depiction of counts for assignments and conditionals for both functions
- Argument (graphical or textual) that the algorithms' average case performance is as expected

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